Student Visa Application Process in Japan

Detailed information is available on the web site

"STUDY IN JAPAN Basic Guide".

http://www.jasso.go.jp/en/study_j/sgtj.html#contents



"STUDY IN JAPAN Basic Guide" is an essential book for international students planning to study in Japan.

When applying for a visa, please ensure that you allow <u>sufficient</u> <u>time for preparation</u>. Additionally, please note that various documents, such as proof of financial ability*, must be submitted..

*Documentation proving applicants' ability to cover expenses

When applying for a COE or visa, applicants may be asked to provide documentation that proves their ability to cover the expenses while studying in Japan. Acceptable documents include a savings balance certificate, income statements from the past several years, or a taxation certificate of the applicant or their guarantor.

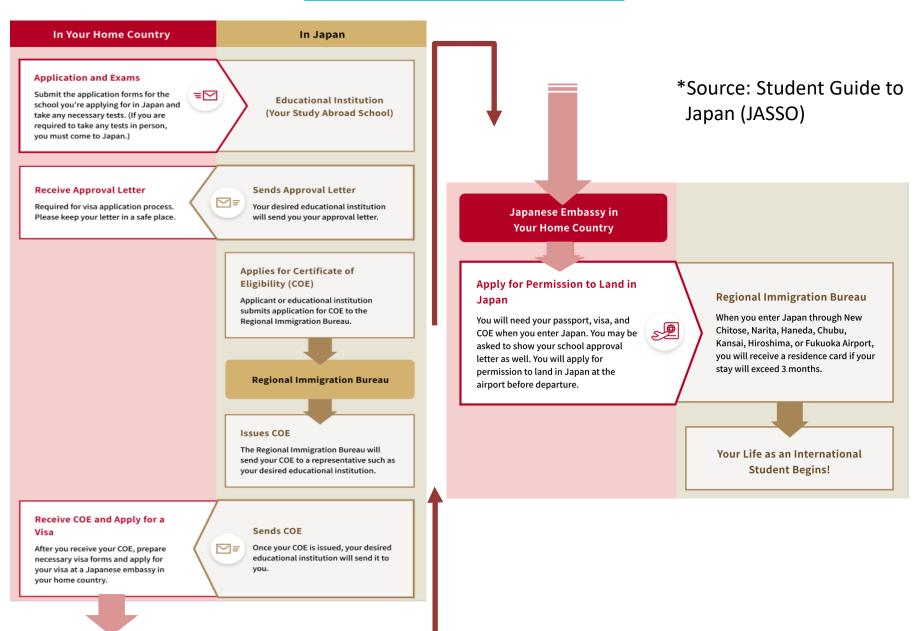
-NOTICE-

<u>Japan Pre-Entry Tuberculosis Screening (JPETS) has started</u> <u>https://jpets.mhlw.go.jp/index.html</u>

TB screening will apply to nationals of the Philippines, Viet Nam, Indonesia, Nepal, Myanmar, and China (*1) who intend to enter and stay in Japan as "mid- to long-term residents" (*2) (excluding re-entry permit holders) or under the provisions of Notifications No. 53 (Digital Nomad) or No. 54 (Spouse or Child of Digital Nomad) on Designated Activities.

(*1) Regarding Indonesia, Myanmar, and China, procedures are being coordinated and the commencing date is yet to be determined. (*2) "Mid- to long-term residents" refers to individuals specified in Article 19-3 of the Immigration Control and Refugee Recognition Act (foreign nationals who are residing in Japan with a status of residence, excluding those who fall into one of the following categories: (1) a person who has been granted a period of stay of not exceeding three months; (2) a person who has been granted the status of residence of "Temporary Visitor"; (3) a person who has been granted the status of residence of "Diplomat" or "Official"; and (4) a person prescribed by Ministry of Justice Order as being equivalent to a person mentioned in (1) through (3)).

Immigration procedures based on the issues of Certificate of Eligibility for a Status of Residence (COE)



Residence card

A residence card (zairyu card) will be issued for a foreign national residing in Japan for more than three months. It is important that this card be carried at all times..

Issue of residence card:

When entering Japan via New Chitose, Narita, Haneda, Chubu Centrair, Kansai, Hiroshima or Fukuoka Airport:

During the immigration process, a Landing Permission stamp will be affixed in your passport and a residence card will be issued. After you determine where you will live in Japan, please bring your residence card to the municipal office administering your address within 14 days to register as a resident.

➤ When entering Japan via airports other than those mentioned above:

During the immigration process, a Landing Permission stamp will be affixed in your passport, with a seal indicating the later issuance of a residence card. After you determine where you will live in Japan, please go to the municipal office administering your address within 14 days to register as a resident. Be sure to bring your passport bearing the seal mentioned above. Your residence card will be mailed to your registered address at a later date.

Source: Student Guide to Japan (JASSO)